

was electrified again about ten o'clock, and has had no symptom of the ague since; *viz.* for three months.

The above is attested by

ANN TORRY, *the person cured.*

ROB<sup>T</sup>. BRYDONE, *Minister of Coldinghame.*

XCV. *An Account of the Black Affize at Oxford, from the Register of Merton College in that University. Communicated by John Ward, LL. D. With some additional Remarks.*

*Anno nono D. Bickley Custodis, 1577.*

Read May 25, 1758. **V**Iceffimo (1) primo Julii in vestiario Dñus custos et octo Seniores dispenfarunt cum *Decreto de concione et appiētantia habendis, die Dominico post festum S<sup>i</sup> Petri ad vincula*; ne vocata et conveniente turba, morbus ille, qui ante quinque dies quamplurimos infestarat, dissipator et periculofior fiat. Etenim 15, 16, et 17, hujus Julii aegrotant plus minus trecenti homines; et infra duodecim dierum spatium mortui sunt (ne quid errem) centum scholares, praeter cives non paucos. Tempus sine dubio calamitosissimum et luctu plenum.

(1) Sic in regist. et postea haud semel.

4 U 2

Nam

Nam quidam lectos diferentes (2), agitati nescio quo morbi et doloris furore, suos custodes baculis caedunt et abigunt; alii per areas et plateas infanientium more circumcursant; alii in profundam aquarum praecipites insiliunt; nemo tamen, summo Deo gratia, desperanter perit. Franguntur omnium animi. Fugiant medici, non propter necessitatem fratrum, sed propter se et civitas creati. Relinquuntur miseri. Domini, doctores, et collegiorum praefecti, ad unum pene omnes abeunt. Custos noster, longe omnium vigilantissimus, domi apud nos manet; in aegrotis omnem curam, laborem, diligentiam impensus (3) collocat; die toto, et nocte etiam intempesta, eos sedulo invisit. Moriuntur e nostris quinque. Omnis aula, omne collegium, aut domi, aut in via ad patriam, suos habet mortuos. Mirari quis posset multitudinem ad medicastorum domos cum matulis citato cursu properantium. Pharmacopolarum etiam conservata syrupos, olea, aquas dulces, pixides, cujusque generis confectiones, brevissimo tempore exhausta. Laborant aegroti vehementissimo tum capitis tum stomachi dolore; vexantur phrenesi; privantur intellectu, memoria, visu, auditu, et caeteris etiam sensibus. Crescente morbo, non capiunt cibos, non dormiunt, ministros aut custodes non patiuntur. Semper, vel in ipsa morte, mirae orum strenuitas et corporis robur; et eo declinante, omnia modis impense contrariis eveniunt. Nulli complexioni aut constitutioni parciunt; cholericos tamen praecipue hic morbus molestos habet; cujus ut causas, sic et curas ignorant medici. Natum suspicantur multi, vel ex

---

(2) Sic in regist.

(3) Sic in regist.

foetido et pestilenti furum e carceribus prodeuntium aëre (quorum duo vel tres sunt ante paucos dies in vinculis mortui) vel ex artificiosis diabolicis et plane papisticis flatibus e Lovaniensi barathro excitatis, et ad nos scelestissime et clam emissis. Nam illi solum et hic et alibi decumbunt aegroti, qui in castro, et *guilda*, quam appellant, aula, quinto et sexto hujus mensis adsunt (4). Affisiorum judices, dominus Robertus Bell, capitatis baro scaccarii etc. qualem hactenus non peperit Anglia; dominus Johannes Barrham, dominae reginae serviens ad legem; papisticae pravitatis uterque apertissimi hostes et acerrimi vindices: vicecomes Oxoniensis comitatus (5), equites aurati duo, armigeri et pacis justiciarii octo, generosi plures, horum non pauci famuli, omnes (uno aut altero exceptis) *de grandi*, ut loquuntur, *jure*, statim post fere relictam Oxoniam mortui sunt. Et ut quisque fortissimus, ita citissime moritur. Foeminae non petuntur, nec certe pauperes; neque etiam inficitur quisquam, qui aegrotorum necessitatibus subministrarit, aut eos inviserit. Sed ut fuit morbus hic insigniter violentus, ita neque diu duravit. Nam infra unius mensis curriculum ad pristinam pene sanitatem restituuntur omnes; ut jam denuo mirari possis tot scholares, tot etiam cives, urbem et plateas linteis capitibus obambulantes, et nomen clementissimi Dei nostri in omne aevum suspicere (6).

Vicesimo quarto Julii Joannes May, focius et artium magister, in collegio vitam finit. Sepelitur in ecclesia.

---

(4) Sic in regist.

(5) Sic in regist.

(6) Sic in regist.

Vicesimo septimo ejusdem Browne clericus moritur in collegio.

Vicesimo octavo ejusdem Gaunte portionista moritur in collegio.

Vicesimo nono Dnus Lea, electus probationarius 20 Julii, moritur in collegio.

*Additional Remarks, by Tho. Birch, D. D.  
Secret. R. S.*

CAMden, in his Annals of Queen Elizabeth (1), observes, that almost all, except women and children, who were present at the assizes at Oxford, at the tryal of Rowland Jenkes, a Bookseller there, for seditious words, died, to the number of about three hundred. Mr. John Stow, in his *Chronicle of England* (2), enlarges this number, and affirms, that there died in Oxford three hundred persons, and in other places two hundred and odd, from the 6th of July to the 12th of August; *after which died not any of that sickness; for one of them infected not another*: And this historian agrees with Camden, that not any one woman or child died thereof. Dr. George Ethryg, a physician, who practised at that time at Oxford (3), in the 2d book of his *Hypomnemata quædam in aliquot Libros Pauli Æginetæ, seu*

---

(1) Page 285. edit. Lugd. Batav. 1625.

(2) Page 681. edit. London, 1631.

(3) Wood Hist. et Antiqu. Universit. Oxon. lib. i. p. 295. and Athen. Oxon. vol. I. col. 237.

*Observationis Medicamentorum, quæ hæc ætate in usu sunt*, printed at London in 1588, in 8vo, mentions, that on the first night of the appearance of the disease about six hundred fell sick of it; and that the next night an hundred more were seized in the villages near Oxford. Lord Bacon, in his *Natural History*, evidently refers to this, and one or two more instances of the same kind, in the following passage, *Century X. N<sup>o</sup>. 914.* “ The most pernicious infection next  
 “ the plague is the smell of the goal, where prisoners  
 “ have been long and close and nastily kept; where-  
 “ of we have had in our time experience twice or  
 “ thrice, when both the judges, that sat upon the  
 “ goal, and numbers of those, that attended the  
 “ business, or were present, sickened upon it, and  
 “ died. Therefore it were good wisdom, that in  
 “ such cases the goal were aired before they be  
 “ brought forth.” We have likewise an account in Mr. Anthony Wood (4), that at the quarter-session at Cambridge, in Lent in the year 1522, and the 13th of the reign of Henry VIII. the justices, gentlemen, and bailiffs, with most of the persons present, were seized with a disease, which proved mortal to a considerable number of them; those, who escaped, having been very dangerously sick. With regard to the unhappy instance of the same kind of contagion, which happened at the session in the Old Baily in May 1750, see Dr. Pringle’s excellent work, intitled, *Observations on the Diseases of the Army in Camp and in Garrison* (5).

---

(4) Hist. & Antiquit. Universit. Oxon. ubi supra.

(5) Page 290, 2d edit.